● PRINTER RUSH ● (PTO ASSISTANCE)

DOC CODE DOC DATE MISCELLANEOUS 1449	Application: 19/65	73 75 Examiner : £	DC FMF FDC	VGAU: 2 /- Date:	872 13-02							
[RUSH] MESSAGE: The Re is AN AMENDMENT SPEC SPEC SAN AMENDMENT SPEC SPEC SAN AMENDMENT SPEC SPEC	Tracking #: 1004112 Week Date: 11-28-0											
[XRUSH] RESPONSE: The change is to remove the para- araph preak between "210." and "The width." The para- araph preak between "210." and "The width."	☐ 1449 ☐ IDS ☐ CLM ☐ IIFW ☐ SRFW ☐ DRW ☐ OATH ☐ 312	DOC DATE	Continuing D Foreign Prior Document Le	egibility								
don't did not have proceed break here(see	Replacing - on RAGE 8 ARE NO MA 15, being de	here is the and lines PKINGS lered x	29-A0, 1	but 7	RAPHS here hat							
	trant did not	house parace	each break	be width	્રી							

NOTE: This form will be included as part of the official USPTO record, with the Response document coded as XRUSH.

REV 10/04

8

TABLE 1-continued

(First Example Embodiment)					(First Example Embodiment)					
Optical System Specifications					72	-747.25197	421.724019		-	
						73	638.73572	29.160000	SiO ₂	B ₁
Surf.						74	-809.39570	0.079197	=	•
No.	r	d	Material	Group		75	316.55680	32.805000	SiO ₂	B ₁
						76	309.57052	15.000000		
0	_	70.000000		R		77	_	54.627545		S
1	-497.01528	15.000000	CaF ₂	A ₁₁	10	78	213.28576	51.714105	CaF ₂	B ₂
2	-2089.03221	0.100000				79	-7409.32571	13.778100	_	_
3	4955.40172	35.000000	SiO ₂	A ₁₁		80	-616.12401	39.000000	SiO ₂	B_2
4	-684.52303	0.100000	_			81	-1209.66082	0.373771	-	-
5	373.53254	40.000000	SiO ₂	A ₁₂		82	472.08983	39.000000	SiO ₂	B ₂
6	-458.84391	32.494228	_			83	1043.43948	0.267894	-	-
7	-384.75862	15.000000	SiO ₂	A ₁₃	15	84	103.01598	49.409891	SiO ₂	$\mathbf{B_2}$
8	399.06352	11.499839	-		15	85	77.85822	9.349712	•	-
9	00	0				86	81.54405	32.465682	CaF ₂	B_2
10	x	15.000000				87	6656.48506	3.061800	•	•
11	œ	0				88	-400.35184	13.094819	SiO ₂	B_2
12	00	30.000000				89	-922.72813	1.399628	•	•
13	x 0	0				90	1101.31959	16.951746	SiO ₂	B ₂
14	∞	15.805933			20	91	-554.93213	1.641793	-	-
15	360.53651	60.00000	CaF ₂	A_2		92	1392.34272	16.702978	SiO ₂	B_2
16	-357.18478	1.00000	-	_		93	3939.24661	15.000000	_	-
17	-410.75622	15.100000	SiO ₂	A_2		94	∞			W
18	272,78252	3.000000	-	_						
19	264.76319	55.000000	CaF ₂	A_2						
20	-403.51844	8.000000	-	-	25	FIG. 4	provides gran	hs of transve	erse abe	rrations of the
21	-313.01237	15.000000	SiO ₂	A ₂						
22	526 12662	141 754400	-	•		ınsı exam	pie emocaimei	it for several	varues o	f image height

Y at three wavelengths. As is apparent from FIG. 4, the transverse aberrations are well-corrected even at the full numerical aperture.

In the first example embodiment, the optical projection system does not project the entire reticle R onto the wafer W in a single exposure. Rather, as shown in FIG. 2(a), an illuminated region 221 of the reticle R is projected onto a corresponding exposure region 231 on the wafer W (FIG. 2(c)). In the first embodiment, the illuminated region 221 is rectangular, 120 mm long and 24 mm wide. The length of the illuminated region 221 is symmetrically placed with respect to a line 222 perpendicular to the optical axis 210. The width of the illuminated region 221 is such that the illuminated region 221 extends from 52 mm to 76 mm from a line 223 perpendicular to the optical axis 210.

The pattern from the entire reticle R is transferred to the wafer W by synchronously scanning both the reticle R and 45 the wafer W during exposure of the wafer W. Arrows 241, 242 indicate the scan directions for the reticle R and the wafer W, respectively. It will be apparent that other shapes and sizes of the illuminated region can be used.

In the first example embodiment, the turning mirror M₂ 50 receives light reflected by the concave mirror M₁ and directs the light to the second imaging system B. The invention also provides an alternative arrangement in which the turning mirror M2 receives light from the single-pass lens group and directs the light to the double-pass lens group and the 55 concave mirror M1. Light reflected by the concave mirror M2 then propagates directly to the second imaging system without reflection by the turning mirror M1. In the first example embodiment and in such a modification of the first example embodiment, the turning mirror M, thus separates 60 light propagating from the double-pass optical group A2 and light propagating to the double-pass optical group A2.

A second example embodiment of the invention is shown in FIG. 5. The optical projection system of FIG. 5 is similar to that of the embodiment of FIG. 2. Light from an illumi-65 nated region 321 (FIG. 3(a)) of a reticle R is directed to, beginning nearest the reticle R and along an optical axis 310, a single-pass lens group A₁ comprising a first negative

-536.13663 141.754498 23 753.93969 16.200000 SiO₂ A_2 350.20343 24.941513 502.28185 22,500000 SiO₂ 25 26 27 28 A₂ 1917.58499 72.939269 696.45818 25.920000 CaF₂ A_2 422.44154 45.000000 29 -165.29930 15.000000 SiO₂ Α, 30 -247.15361 7.435035 31 447,76970 4D.000000 SiO₂ A₂ 32 33 34 35 -650.53438 176.819005 SiO₂ 15..000000 -207.03257 A₂ 3807.25755 27.000000 36 37 38 39 316.26451 27.000000 (M_1) SiO₂ -3807.25755 15.000000 176.819005 207.03257 650.53438 40.000000 SiO A,* 40 -447.76970 7.435035 41 247.15361 15.000000 SiO₂ A₂* 165.29930 45.000000 42 43 44 45 -422,44154 25.920000 CaF, A2* -696.45818 72.939269 -1917.58499 22.500000 SiO A₂* -502.28185 24.941513 47 48 -350.20343 16.20000 SiO₂ A₂* -753,93969 141.754498 49 15.000000 536.13663 SiO₂ A,* 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 313.01237 8.000000 403.51844 55.000000 CaF₂ A₂* -264.76319 -272.78252 3.000000 15.000000 SiO, A2* 410.75622 1.000000 357.18478 60.000000 A₂* -360.53651 15.805933 30.000000 130.000000 61 408.08942 20.000000 SiO₂ B₁ 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 203.49020 3.000000 207.52684 30.000000 CaF. B_1 19354.35793 0.100000 429.85442 35.000000 SiO₂ B_1 -403.83438 14.478952 15.000000 SiO₂ -353.07980 В, 261.24968 31.363884

-219.57807

-348.23898

502.56605

23.000000

40.000000

1.990938

SiO₂

CaF,

B₁

В,

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